

The Pursuit of Clarity: An Instructional Model of Learning

Presentation Will:



-understand components required for highly effective instructional model including NSQ/QM Standards -create collaboratively w/ attendees a draft of an instructional model incorporating QM standards -compare various Instructional Models & facilitator's model to mine for ideas to create own model



OUR STORY



Attending a statewide learning collaborative rolling out the concepts of Marzano's <u>The New Art and Science of Teaching</u>.

Major Features:

- -Effective Application of Instructional Strategies
- -Specific Student Mental States and Processes
- -Enhanced Student Learning

Exploration of Instructional Model Components and Need for Clarity

Need for a way to anchor Professional Learning, Quality Matters K-12 Rubric Standards, and National Standard for Quality Online Teaching

Research and Resources supporting development of an Instructional Model



The New Art and Science of Teaching by Robert J. Marzano

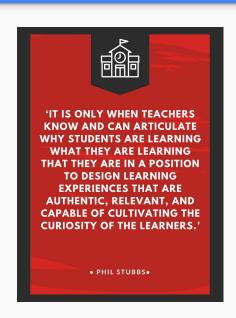
"Teacher Clarity: Finding the Why" guest columnist for EdTech

Digest, Phil Stubbs regarding research on John Hattie's

effect size with Teacher Clarity

Leading a High Reliability School by Marzano, Warrick, Rains,

and DuFour



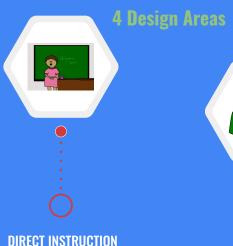
Elements essential to our Instructional Model:



- Context
- Content
- > UDL Principles
- Implementation---> Evaluation---> Instruction ---> Feedback = Guaranteed Viable Curriculum (GVC)
- Quality Matters Standards
- National Standards of Quality for Teaching
- Vision, Mission, Goals



CATEGORY: CONTENT



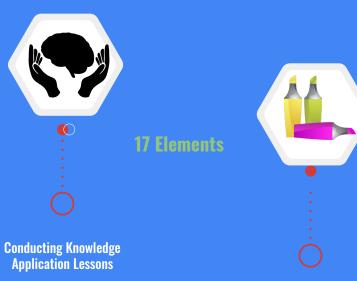
<u>Chunking Content</u>, Processing Content, Recording and Representing Content

LESSONS



Practicing and Deepening Lessons

Structured Practice Settings, Examining Similarities and Differences, Examining Errors



Engaging Students in Cognitively Complex

Tasks, Providing Resources and Guidance,

Generating and Defending Claims

Using Strategies that Appear in All Types of Lessons

Prewriting Strategies, Highlighting Critical Information, Reviewing Content, Revising Knowledge, Reflecting on Learning, Assigning Purposeful Homework, Elaborating on Information, Organizing Students to Interact



LESSON LINE

High-quality unit



DIRECT
INSTRUCTION
LESSONS

DEEPENING KNOWLEDGE LESSONS

KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION LESSONS





Category: Context



Using Engagement Strategies

Noticing and Reacting when Students are not Engaged, Increasing Response Rates, Using Physical Movement, Maintaining a Lively Pace, Demonstrating Intensity and Enthusiasm, Presenting Unusual Information, Using Friendly Controversy, Using Academic Games, Providing Opportunities for Students to Talk About Themselves, Motivating and Inspiring Students







Implementing Rules and Procedures

Establishing Rules and Procedures,
Organizing the Physical Layout of the
Classroom, Demonstrating
Withitness, Acknowledging
Adherence to Rules and Procedures,
Acknowledging Lack of Adherence to
Rules and Procedures



21 Elements



Building Relationships

Using Verbal and Nonverbal Behaviors that Indicate Affection for Students, Understanding Students' Backgrounds and Interests, Displaying Objectivity and Control



Communicating High Expectations

Demonstrating Value and Respect for Reluctant Learners, Asking In-depth Questions of Reluctant Learners, Probing Incorrect Answers with Reluctant Learners

UDL Principles

Universal Design for Learning Guidelines Provide multiple means of Provide multiple means of Provide multiple means of Representation > Action & Expression → Engagement > Affective Networks Recognition Networks Strategic Networks The "WHY" of learning The "WHAT" of learning The "HOW" of learning Provide options for Provide options for Provide options for Recruiting Interest (7) Perception (1) Physical Action (4) Vary the methods for response and Optimize individual choice and autonomy (7.1) · Offer ways of customizing the display of navigation (4.1) > information (1.1) > Optimize relevance, value, and authenticity (Offer alternatives for auditory information (12) Optimize access to tools and assistive 7.2) > technologies (4.2) > Minimize threats and distractions (7.3) > Offer alternatives for visual information (1.3) > Provide options for Provide options for Provide options for Sustaining Effort & Persistence (8) Language & Symbols (2) • Expression & Communication (5) • Clarify vocabulary and symbols (2.1) > Use multiple media for communication (5.1) > Heighten salience of goals and objectives (8.1) • Clarify syntax and structure (2.2) > • Use multiple tools for construction and composition (5.2) > Support decoding of text, mathematical Vary demands and resources to optimize notation, and symbols (2.3) > Build fluencies with graduated levels of challenge (8.2) > support for practice and performance (5.3) > Promote understanding across languages (2.4) • Foster collaboration and community (8.3) > • Illustrate through multiple media (2.5) > • Increase mastery-oriented feedback (8.4) > Provide options for Provide options for Provide options for Self Regulation (9) Comprehension (3) Executive Functions (6) Promote expectations and beliefs that Activate or supply background knowledge (3.1) • Guide appropriate goal-setting (6.1) > optimize motivation (9.1) > Support planning and strategy development (• Facilitate personal coping skills and strategies • Highlight patterns, critical features, big ideas, 6.2) > and relationships (3.2) > Facilitate managing information and • Develop self-assessment and reflection (9.3) > · Guide information processing and • Enhance capacity for monitoring progress (6.4) • Maximize transfer and generalization (3.4) > Expert Learners who are... **Purposeful & Motivated** Resourceful & Knowledgeable Strategic & Goal-Directed





"Coherent, content-rich curriculum isn't just important: it is indisputably essential to the educational enterprise, to all we aspire to accomplish for students."

<u>Focus: Elevating the Essentials to Radically Improve</u> <u>Student Learning</u> (2nd Edition), Mike Schmoker, p. 22



Course Design Rubric Standards

Current Edition: Fifth Edition, 2019

Description: The K-12 Rubric is appropriate for use with locally developed courses or those adapted with significant change from publisher content. There are eight General Standards and 43 Specific Review Standards in this Rubric used to evaluate the design of elementary, middle and high school online and blended courses. The Rubric scoring system is used by the Review Team to determine whether a course meets Standards. Standards identified as essential have the highest point values and must be met in order to receive QM Certification*.

Membership Requirements: K-12 Basic or Consortium. This Rubric is also available with an Individual or Supplemental Subscription.

Who uses this Rubric?

The K-12 Rubric is intended for use with courses that are delivered fully online or have a significant online component (blended courses). Schools, districts and state education agencies use the Rubric to help them design and improve their courses to result in student success. Leading providers of online courses for K-12 students have looked to QM as the national standard for quality assurance in online education and student learning and inform the improvement of this Rubric. They include:

- · Teachers, Instructional designers and design teams
- · Students, Parents, Counselors
- · School Administrators
- Public and Private Virtual Schools and Publishers
- · School Systems, Local and State Boards
- · Teacher Education Faculty
- · College Admissions Officers

Key Features

Unique to the QM Rubric is the concept of Alignment. This occurs when critical course components — Learning Objectives/Competencies (#2), Assessment and Measurement (#3), Instructional Materials (#4), Learning Activities and Learner Interaction (#5), and Course Technology (#6) — work together to ensure students achieve desired learning outcomes. Specific Standards included in Alignment are indicated in the Rubric Annotations.

The nine General Standards of this Rubric are:

- 1. Course Overview and Introduction
- 2. Learning Objectives (Competencies)
- 3 Assessment and Measurement
- 4. Instructional Materials
- 5. Learning Activities and Learner Interaction
- 6. Course Technology
- 7. Learner and Instructor Support
- 8. Accessibility and Usability*







The National Standards for Quality (NSQ) provide the K-12 online and blended learning community with an updated set of openly licensed standards (formerly iNACOL standards) to help evaluate and improve online courses, online teaching and online programs.

The National Standards for Quality Online Courses are...

- RESEARCH-SUPPORTED STANDARDS FOR QUALITY ONLINE LEARNING
- FLEXIBLE TO MEET UNIQUE INSITIUTIONAL SITUATIONS AND NEEDS
- REGULARLY REVIEWED AND REVISED TO KEEP THE STANDARDS RELEVANT
- REVISED AND UPDATED BY ONLINE LEARNING RESEARCHERS AND PRACTITIONERS
- RECOMMENDED FOR USE IN DEVELOPMENT, EVALUATION, AND CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT
- USED BY K-12 ADMINISTRATORS, TEACHERS, AND COURSE DEVELOPERS



https://nsqol.org

Examples of 1st Iterations of Instructional

Models

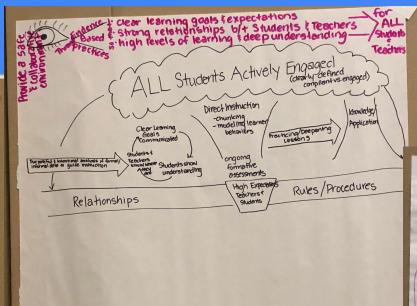
Learning Goals

Teacher

Student Focused

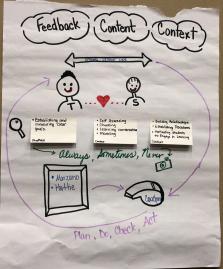
Student Success

Effective Teaching and Instruction. Student









Considerations for designing an Instructional Model

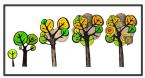




Graphic Organization Representation Works best to get "big ideas"

Identify what are the "Essentials" for your instructional model





Design for present focus as well as future growth

Elements essential to our Instructional Model:



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- > Content
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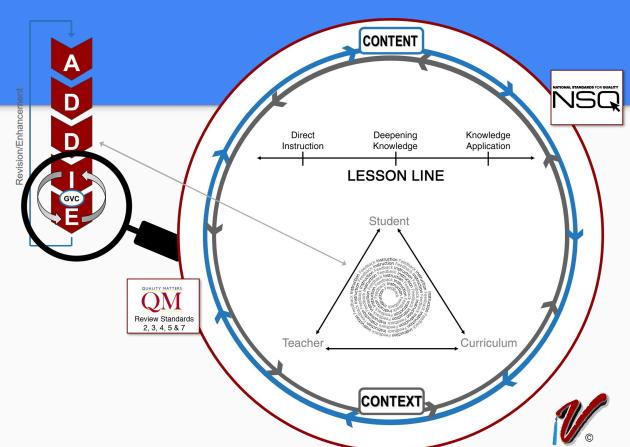
Share your group's Instructional Model Iteration

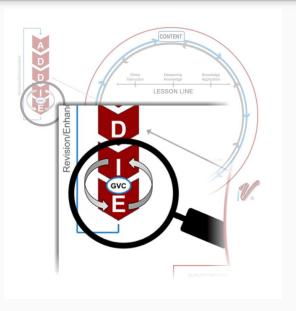


- 1. What did you determine as your essentials for your model?
- 2. What areas of your instructional model do you feel are already being done with fidelity within your organization? How can you celebrate?
- 3. What next steps has it brought to the forefront?
- 4. How will you move forward? and/or How do you plan to utilize?

Virtual Arkansas Instructional Model

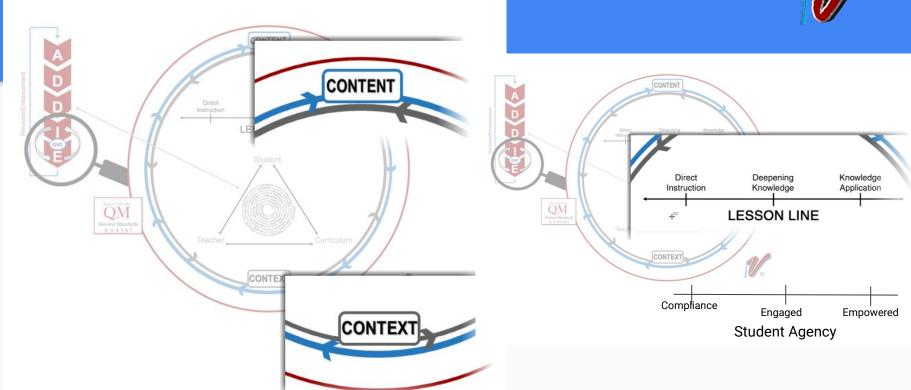






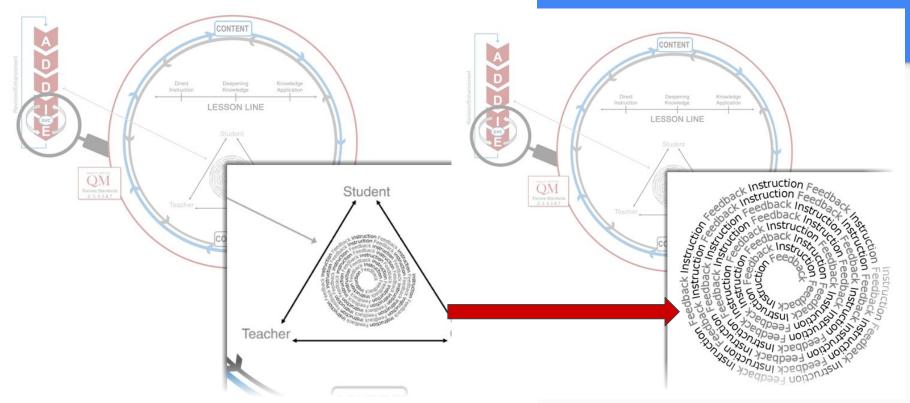
Content, Context, and Lesson Line



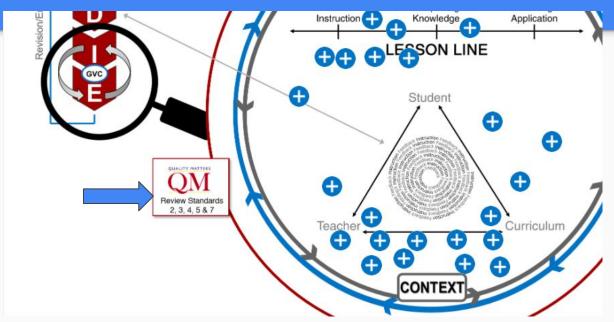


The Triangle of Learning





QM Standards and NSQ for Online Teaching







Implications

Emphasis on NSQ for teaching and QM Standards of Quality:

- Focus on Feedback, Metacognition, and Relationships
- Continual process of change in response to learner needs and teacher ownership of content/curriculum delivered (Clarity and Collective Teacher Efficacy)
- Specific strategies- backward design, alignment of content/assessment, flipped instruction
- Student Perception Feedback- drive enhancement of courses and strategies to engage/empower student learners
- Serves as the framework for all Professional Learning delivered and implemented centered around our Vision, Mission, and Goals



Challenge

Take your first iteration and consider your organization's vision, mission, and goals-

- -Instructional
- -Professional Learning
- -Student Learning
- -Quality Matters
- -National Standards for Quality Online Teaching









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Resources:



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